

Year 6 History Knowledge Organiser Autumn Term 2

War - Blitz and Peace

	Date	Key Event
1	1919	The Treaty of Versailles signed after the end of World War I
2	1933	The Nazi Party - led by Adolf Hitler - came to power in Germany
3	1 st September 1939	German troops invaded Poland (having already invaded Austria and Czechoslovakia).
4	3 rd September 1939	Britain declared war on Germany
5	January 1940	Rationing introduced across the UK
6	July - October 1940	The Battle of Britain - attacks on British towns, cities and ports from the German air force.
7	September 1940 - May 1941	The Blitz. German bomber planes attacked Britain at night.
8	30 th April 1945	Hitler dies
9	8 th May 1945	VE Day - Victory in Europe day.
10	2 nd September 1945	Japan surrenders signaling the end of WWII

Famous People	
Neville Chamberlain	UK Prime Minister during the outbreak of WWII
Winston Churchill	UK Prime Minister for the majority of WWII
Adolf Hitler	Chancellor of Germany 1933 - 1945
Franklin D Roosevelt	President of the USA during WWII
Joseph Stalin	Leader of Russia during WWII
Benito Mussolini	Leader of Italy during WWII
Anne Frank	A victim of the Holocaust who kept a diary of her time in hiding.

	Term	Definition
1	Allies	Countries which fought on the British side, including France, Russia and the USA.
2	Axis	Countries which fought on the German side, including Italy and Japan.
3	Appeasement	The policy of trying to prevent conflict through negotiation.
4	Air raid shelter	A structure to protect people from bombs dropped by planes. Anderson shelter - made of corrugated iron, usually at the end of the garden. Morrison shelter - metal cage used inside the house, often using a table as part of it.
5	Blitz	A series of aerial bombing raids on cities in the UK
6	Evacuate	To send people (often children) to a place of safety.
7	Holocaust	The killing of millions of Jews by the Nazis.
8	Invasion	When a foreign army enters a country by force.
9	Luftwaffe	The German air force (responsible for the Blitz).
10	Propaganda	Spreading of information to influence public opinion and manipulate people's beliefs.